

1. What are the titles of the two feature articles on the main page?

Click on the link that says "The Basics and Beyond" \rightarrow "Tour the Basics".

What is DNA?

- 2. What does DNA stand for? _____
- 3. Why is DNA called a blueprint? _____
- 4. The "twisted ladder" shape of the DNA molecule is called a ______
- 5. Name the four bases found in a DNA molecule: _____
- 6. A DNA strand is made of ______ which make up ______ which make up sentences.
- 7. These "sentences" are called _____

What is a Gene? Hint - Look at the navigation bar at the top, you'll need to click on "What is a Gene" to continue.

- 8. What is a gene? _____
- 10. When a gene is changed, it is said to be _____
- 11. A mutation in the hemoglobin gene causes what disorder: _____

What is a Chromosome?

12. If you stretched out all the DNA from a single cell, how long would it be?? _____

13. How many chromosomes are in a human cell? _____ a mosquito? _____ a carp? _____

What is a Protein?

17. Once in the cytoplasm, the _____ reads the message.

What is Heredity?

- 18. The passing of traits from parents to child is the basis of ______
- 19. Every child receives______ of its chromosomes from his mother and half from his ______
- 20. When a sperm and egg join, they create a single cell called a ______
- 21. Each child inherits a _______ set of chromosomes.

"What is a Trait?"

- 22. Give an example of a physical trait: _____
- 23. A dog fetching a bone is an example of what kind of trait?
- 24. Scientists describe the set of information for each form of trait as an _____

"Build a DNA Molecule"

return to "Basics and Beyond" Click on "Build a DNA Molecule"

25. Build a DNA molecule. What is the base pair rule? _____

26. Draw the DNA molecule you built. Show how the bases are lined up and how they are attached.

"Transcribe and Translate a Gene" (return to 'DNA to Protein

- 27. Define transcription: _____
- 28. Define translation: _____
- 29. Follow the instructions for the activity. List the amino acid sequence you created.

"What Makes a Firefly Glow" (return to DNA to Protein

30. Fireflies glow to attract a ______ and to avoid ______

31. RNA polymerase binds to the _____ gene.

32. When transcription is complete, the LUC mRNA moves to the _____

33. The ribosome interprets the mRNA to produce a string of _____

34. In order to become a functioning luciferase enzyme, the string must _____

35. The enzymes bind to ______to create light.