

For each data set below, determine the mathematical expression. To do this, first graph the original data. Assume the 1st column in each set of values to be the **independent** variable and the 2nd column the **dependent** variable. Then taking clues from the shape of the first graph, modify the data so that the modified data will plot as a straight line. Using the slope and y-intercept from the linear fit, write an appropriate mathematical expression for the relationship between the variables. Be sure to include units!

Data Set 1:

V (m ³)	P (pa)
.1	40
.5	8
1	4
2	2
4	1
5	.8
8	.5
10	.4



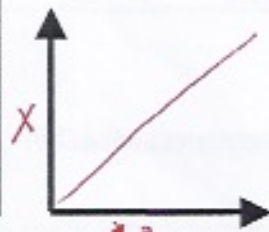
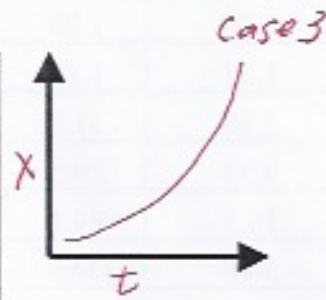
Mathematical Model #1: $y = 4 \frac{1}{x} + 0$

$$P = \left(\frac{4 \text{ pa}}{\text{m}^3} \right) \frac{1}{V} + 0 \text{ pa}$$

$$P = \left(4 \text{ pa m}^3 \right) \frac{1}{V}$$

Data Set 2:

t (s)	x (m)
.1	.03
.2	.12
.5	.75
1	3
2	12
3	27
4	48
5	75

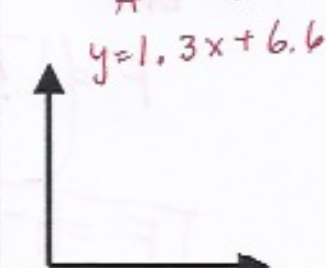
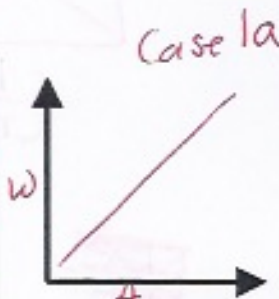


Mathematical Model #2: $t^2 = 3x + 0$

$$t^2 = \left(3 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} \right) t^2 + 0 \text{ m}$$

Data Set 3:

A (months)	W (lbs)
1	7.3
2	9.4
3	10.5
4	12.0
5	13.0
6	14.3
7	15.2
8	16.7

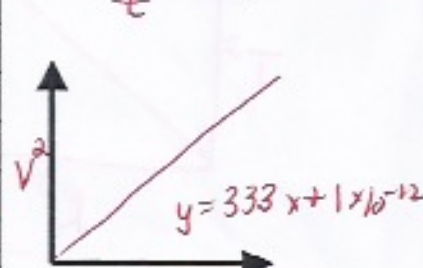
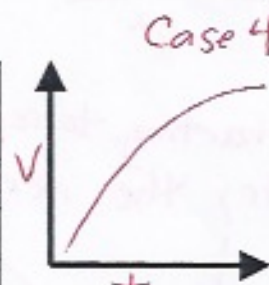


Mathematical Model #3:

$$W = \left(1.3 \frac{\text{lbs}}{\text{month}} \right) A + 6.6 \text{ lbs}$$

Data Set 4:

t (s)	v (m/s)
.3	10
1.2	20
2.7	30
4.8	40
7.5	50
10.8	60
14.7	70
19.2	80



Mathematical Model #4:

$$v^2 = \left(333 \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2} \right) t + 1 \times 10^{-12} \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2}$$

$$\left(\frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2} \right) \frac{1}{\text{s}} = \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{s}^3} \quad \left[v^2 = \left(333 \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{s}^3} \right) t + 1 \times 10^{-12} \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2} \right]$$

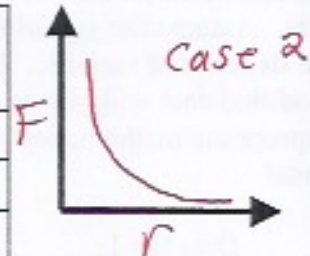
Data Set 5:

R (a.u.)	T (yr)
.38	.24
.72	.62
1.00	1.00
1.52	1.88
5.19	11.9
9.53	29.5
19.1	84.1
30.0	165
39.4	249

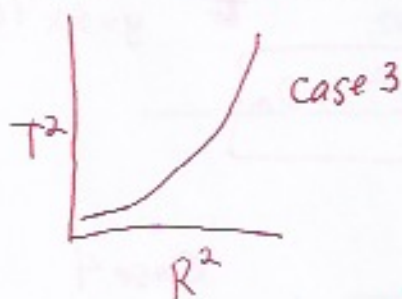


Data Set 6:

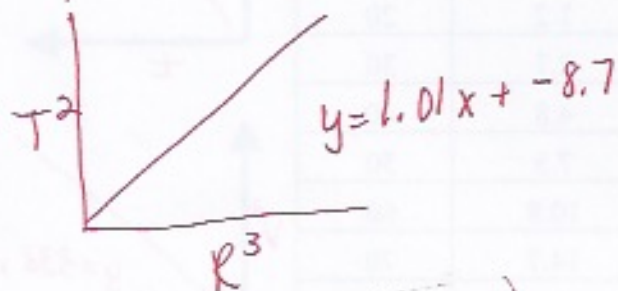
r (m)	F _{el} (N)
.2	425
.5	68.3
1.0	16.5
2.0	4.26
5.0	0.67
10.	0.18
20.	0.042



Mathematical Model #5:



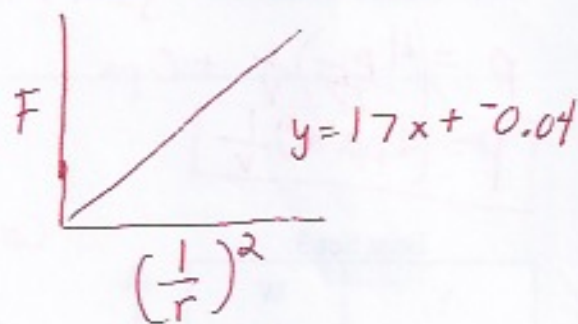
Starting to repeat, so try the next power (cubic-3)



$$T^2 = \left(\frac{1 \text{ yr}^2}{\text{a.u.}^3} \right) R^3 + -8.7 \text{ yr}^2$$

$$T^2 = R^3$$

Mathematical Model #6:



~~$$F = \left(\frac{17 \text{ N}}{\text{m}^2} \right) \left(\frac{1}{r} \right)^2 + -0.04 \text{ N}$$~~

$$F = (17 \text{ N m}^2) \left(\frac{1}{r} \right)^2 + -0.04 \text{ N}$$